Subject: Review of internal regulations, safety regulations etc.

Exercise 2

Basis of neurophysiology

- 1. Resting Membrane Potentials of Nerves
- 2. Nerve cells morphology
- 3. Basic Functions of the Nervous System
- 4. Supporting Cells of Nervous Tissue
- 5. Measuring the Membrane Potential
- 6. Nerve Action Potential
 - 6.1. Local Response and Firing Level (Threshold)
 - 6.2. Latent Period
 - 6.3. Action Potential
 - 6.4. "All-or-None" Law
 - 6.5. Ionic Basis of Action Potential
 - 6.6. Changes in Excitability During the Action Potential
- 7. Propagation of the Action Potential
 - 7.1. Contiguous Conduction
 - 7.2. Saltatory Conduction
 - 7.3. Orthodromic and Antidromic Conduction
- 8. Properties of Mixed Nerves fibers
- 9. Nerve Fiber Types & Function

Exercise 3

Subject: Synapses

- 1. Synaptic Transmission
 - 1.1. Types of Synapses
 - 1.2. Functional Anatomy
 - 1.3. Events in Synaptic Transmission
 - 1.4. Excitatory and Inhibitory Synapses
 - 1.5. Inhibition & Facilitation at Synapses
 - 1.6. Special Characteristics of Synaptic Transmission
 - 1.6.1. Synaptic Fatigue
 - 1.6.2. Synaptic Delay
 - 1.6.3. One-Way Conduction
 - 1.6.4. Summation
 - 1.6.5. Effect of Hypoxia and Drugs on Synaptic Transmission
 - 1.7. Synaptic Plasticity and Learning

Subject: Muscles

- 1. Types of Muscles
- 2. Skeletal Muscles
 - 2.1. Morphology
 - 2.1.1. Organization of Skeletal Muscle
 - 2.1.2. Thick- and Thin-Filament composition
 - 2.2. Neuromuscular Transmission
 - 2.3. Electrical Phenomena and Ionic Fluxes
 - 2.4. Contractile Responses
 - 2.4.1. Sliding Mechanism of Contraction
 - 2.4.2. Molecular Basis of Contraction (Excitation-Contraction Coupling)
 - 2.4.3. Length-Tension Relationship
 - 2.4.4. Force-Velocity Relationship
 - 2.4.5. Types of Contraction
 - 2.4.6. Summation of Contractions
- 3. Smooth Muscles
 - 3.1. Morphology
 - 3.2. Types of Smooth Muscles
 - 3.3. Molecular Basis of Contraction
 - 3.4. Self-generated Electrical Activity in Smooth Muscle

Exercise 5

Subject: Sensory Physiology

- 1. Stimulus, adequate stimulus, transduction.
- 2. Sensory Receptors
- 3. Transduction of sensory stimuli
- 4. Generation of Impulses in Different Nerves
- 5. Adaptation
- 6. The Labeled Line Law
- 7. "Coding" of Sensory Information
- 8. Sensory Units, Receptive Fields, Recruitment of Sensory Units
- 9. Lateral Inhibition
- 10. Sensory Neurons
- 11. Sensory Pathways (Dorsal Column-Medial Lemniscal and Anterolateral Pathway)
- 12. Somatosensory Cortex
- 13. Mechanoreception

Subject: Control of Posture and Movement

- 1. Muscle Receptors (Muscle Spindle, Golgi Tendon Organ)
- 2. Spinal Reflexes:
 - 2.1. The Stretch Reflex
 - 2.2. The Inverse Stretch Reflex
 - 2.3. Other Reflexes
- 3. Control of voluntary movement
 - 3.1. Cortical Motor Areas
 - 3.2. The Corticospinal Tract (Pyramidal Tract)
 - 3.3. The Cerebellum and its Motor Functions
 - 3.4. Basal Ganglia
- 4. Spatial Orientation
- 5. Semicircular Canals, Utricle, Saccule
- 6. Vestibular Function, Responses to Rotational and Linear Acceleration, Nystagmus

Exercise 7

Subject: The Autonomic Nervous System (ANS)

- 1. General Organisation and Functions of ANS
- 2. Autonomic Nerve Pathway
- 3. Dual Innervation
- 4. Effects of ANS on Various Organs
 - Sympathetic and Parasympathetic Dominance
- 5. Anatomic Organisation of Sympathetic and Parasympathetic Divisions
- 6. Adrenal Medulla
- 7. Chemical Transmission at Autonomic Junctions
- Neurotransmitters and Neuromodulators Present Within the ANS
- 8. Structure of the Membrane Receptors
- · Inositol Triphosphate and Diacylglycerol as Second Messengers
- 9. The Influence of Drugs on the ANS
- **10.** Central Control of Autonomic Functions
- 11. Comparison of the Autonomic Nervous System and Somatic Nervous System

Subject: Special Senses: Vision, Hearing, Equilibrium

- 1. Vision:
 - 1.1. Visible Light
 - 1.2. Physical Principles of Optics and Image Formation
 - 1.3. Structure of the Eye
 - 1.4. Refractive Errors (Myopia, Hyperopia, Presbiopia), Correction
 - 1.5. Accommodation
 - 1.6. The Near Response (Accommodation Reflex)
 - 1.7. Visual Acuity, the Snellen Charts Design
 - 1.8. Characteristics of the Fovea Centralis and Peripheral Retina
 - 1.9. Photochemistry of Vision
 - 1.10. Dark and Light Adaptation
 - 1.11. ScoSubject and PhoSubject Vision
 - 1.12. Colour Vision
 - 1.13. Visual Pathways
- 2. Hearing and Equilibrium:
 - 2.1. Sound Waves
 - 2.2. External, Middle and Inner Ear
 - 2.3. Cochlea, Organ of Corti
 - 2.4. Sound Transmission and Amplification
 - 2.5. Sound Transduction (Excitation of the Hair Cells)
 - 2.6. Vestibular Apparatus (Semicircular Ducts and Otholit Organs)
 - 2.7. Detection of Angular and Linear Acceleration

Exercise 9

Quarterly Quiz: exercises 1-8

Exercise 10

Subject: Electrical Activity of the Heart

- 1. Membrane Resting Potential in Contractile and Autorhytmic Cells
- 2. Pacemaker potential
- 3. Anatomy considerations of Cardiac Conduction System
- 4. Action Potential in Autorhythmic and Contractile Cells
- 5. Transmission of the Cardiac Impulse through the Heart
- 6. The Conduction System of the Heart

Subject: Electrocardiography

- 1. Spread of Cardiac Excitation
 - · Recording of depolaryzation vs repolaryzation waves
- 2. Bipolar and Unipolar Leads
 - Limb leads (standart and augmented)
 - · Precardial leads
- 3. Theoretical basis of Electrocardiogram
 - Waves:P,Q,R,S,T
 - · Segments: PQ, TP
 - · Itervals: PQ, ST
- 4. Characteristics of the Normal Electrocardiogram
- 5. The Mean Electrical Axis of the Heart

1stQuarterlyQUIZ RE-TAKE

Exercise 12

Subject: The Heart as a Pump

- 1. Cardiovascular System Overview
- 2. Functional Anatomy of Cardiac Muscle
- 3. Excitation-Contraction Coupling in the Cardiac Muscle
- 4. Cardiac Output and Its Control
 - 4.1. Cardiac Output, Stroke Volume, Ejection Fraction, Cardiac Index
 - 4.2. Measurement of Cardiac Output Fick Principle
 - 4.3. Relation of Tension to Lenght in Cardiac Muscle (The Frank-Starling Law)
 - 4.4. Control of Cardiac Output
- 5. The Cardiac Cycle
- 6. Pressure-Volume Relationship
- 7. Heart Sounds

Exercise 13

Subject: Circulation: Dynamics of Blood and Lymph Flow

- 1. Blood Vessels
- 2. Biophysical Considerations
 - 2.1. Velocity and Flow of the Bloodstream
 - 2.2. Pressure and Flow
 - 2.3. Poiseuille's Law
 - 2.4. Resistance to Flow
 - 2.5. Laminar and Turbulent Flow
 - 2.6. Critical Closing Pressure
 - 2.7. Laplace's Law
- 3. Arterial Pressure

- 3.1. Systolic Pressure
- 3.2. Diastolic Pressure
- 3.3. Pulse Pressure
- 3.4. Mean Pressure
- 4. Blood Pressure Measurement in Humans
- 5. Microcirculation
 - 5.1. Vasoactive Role of Capillary Endothelium
 - 5.2. Passive Role of Capillary Endothelium
 - 5.2.1. Diffusion
 - 5.2.2. Filtration
- 6. Lymphatic Circulation

Subject: Cardiovascular Regulatory Mechanisms

- 1. General overview of blood pressure regulation
- 2. Autoregulation (Myogenic and Metabolic)
- 3. Substances Secreted by the Endothelium
- 4. Systemic Regulation by Hormones
- 5. Cardiac Innervation
- 6. Innervation of the Blood Vessels
- 7. Systemic Regulation by the Nervous System:
- Baroreceptors
- Left-Ventricular Receptors, Bezold-Jarisch Reflex
 - Atrial Stretch Receptors, Bainbridge's Reflex
 - Pulmonary Receptors
 - · Effect of Chemoreceptor Stimulation

Exercise 15

Subject: Circulation through Special Regions

- 1. Coronary Circulation
 - 1.1. Anatomic Considerations
 - 1.2. Factors Affecting the Coronary Flow (Mechanical, Chemical and Neural)
 - 2. Pulmonary Circulation
 - 2.1. Anatomic Considerations
 - 2.2. Effect of Gravity and Ventilation
 - 2.3. Regulation of Pulmonary Blood Flow
 - 3. Cerebral Circulation
 - 3.1. Anatomic Considerations
 - 3.2. The Blood-Brain Barrier
 - 3.3. Regulation of the Cerebral Blood Flow

4. Cutaneous Circulation

Exercise 16

Subject: Quarterly Quiz (Exercises 10-15)

Exercise 17

Subject: Respiration

- 1. Overview of the Respiratory System
- 2. Anatomy of the Lungs
- 3. Mechanics of Respiration
 - 3.1. Inspiration and Expiration
 - 3.2. Respiratory Muscles
 - 3.3. Compliance of the Lungs and the Chest Wall
 - 3.4. Alveolar Surface Tension and Surfactant
 - 3.5. Differences in Ventilation and Blood Flow in Different Parts of the Lungs
 - 3.6. Dead Space and Uneven Ventilation
- 4. Gas Exchange in the Lungs
 - 4.1. Composition of Alveolar Air Its Relation to Atmospheric Air
 - 4.2. Diffusion Across the Respiratory Membrane

Exercise 18

Subject: Regulation of Respiration

- 1. Neural Control of Breathing
 - 1.1. Respiratory Center
 - 1.2. Pontine and Vagal Influences
 - 1.3. Receptors in the Airways and Lungs
- 2. Chemical Control of Breathing
 - 2.1. Peripheral Chemoreceptors
 - 2.2. Chemoreceptors in the Brain Stem
 - 2.3. Ventilatory Responses to:
 - 2.3.1. Changes in Acid-Base Balance
 - 2.3.2. CO₂
 - 2.3.3. Oxygen Lack
- 3. Pulmonary Volumes and Capacities

2nd Quarterly QUIZ RE-TAKE

Subject: The Blood I

- 1. Blood Composition
- 2. Red Blood Cells
- 3. Hemoglobin
- 4. Transport of Oxygen and Carbon Dioxide in the Blood and Body Fluids
- 5. Iron Metabolism

Exercise 20

Subject: The Blood II

- 1. White Blood Cells
- 2. Platelets
- 3. Hemostasis
 - 3.1. Events in Hemostasis
 - 3.2. Mechanism of Blood Coagulation
 - 3.3. Lysis of Blood Clots
 - 3.4. Anticlotting Mechanisms
 - 3.5. Anticoagulants
- 4. Blood Types
 - 4.1. The ABO System
 - 4.1.1. A and B Antigens
 - 4.1.2. Agglutinins
 - 4.2. Rh Blood Types

Exercise 21

Subject: The Kidneys

- 1. Functions of the Kidneys
- 2. Functional Anatomy
 - 2.1. General Organization
 - 2.2. The Nephron
 - 2.3. Blood Vessels
 - 2.4. Innervation of the Renal Vessels
- 3. Renal Circulation
 - 3.1. Renal Blood Flow (RPF, ERPF, RBF)
 - 3.2. Regulation of the Renal Blood Flow
- 4. Glomerular Filtration
 - 4.1. Determinants of Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR)
 - 4.2. Control of GFR

- 5. Mechanisms of Tubular Reabsorption and Secretion Water Excretion
 - 5.1. Countercurrent Multiplyers and Countercurrent Exchangers
 - 5.2. Role of Urea
 - 5.3. Role of ADH
- 6. Micturition

Subject: The Body Fluid Compartments and Acid-Base Balance

- 1. Fluid Intake and Output
- 2. The Body Fluid Compartments
- 3. Constituents of Extracellular and Intracellular Fluids
- 4. Osmotic Equilibrium between Intracellular and Extracellular Fluids
- 5. Regulation of Acid-Base Balance
 - 5.1. Principal Buffers of Body Fluids
 - 5.1.1. The Bicarbonate Buffer System
 - 5.1.2. The Phosphate Buffer System
 - 5.1.3. The Protein Buffer System
 - 5.1.4. The Hemoglobin Buffer System
 - 5.2. Respiratory Regulation of Acid-Base Balance
 - 5.3. Renal Regulation of Acid-Base Balance
 - 5.3.1. Secretion of Hydrogen Ions and Reabsorption of Bicarbonate Ions by the Renal Tubule
 - 5.4. Clinical Evaluation of Acid-Base Status

Exercise 23

Subject: Quarterly Quiz (Exercises 17-22)

Exercise 24

Subject: Endocrinology I

- 1. Coordination of Body Functions by Chemical Messengers
- 2. Chemical Structure of Hormones
- 3. Hormone Secretion, Transport and Clearance from the Blood
- 4. Mechanism of Action of Hormones
- 5. The Hypothalamic Control of Pituitary Secretion
- 6. The Pituitary Hormones:
 - 6.1. Growth Hormone
 - 6.2. ADH and Oxitocin
 - 6.3. MSH
- 7. The Pancreas Hormones:
 - 7.1. Insulin

7.2. Glucagon

8. Leptin

Exercise 25

Subject: Endocrinology II

- 1. The Thyroid Gland
 - 1.1. Iodine Metabolism
 - 1.2. The Thyroid Hormones
- 2. ACTH
- 3. Adrenocortical Hormones:
 - 3.1. Mineralocorticoids (Aldosterone)
 - 3.2. Glucocorticoids (Cortisol)
 - 3.3. Adrenal Androgens
- 4. The Renin-Angiotensin System

3rd Quarterly QUIZ RE-TAKE

Exercise 26

Subject: Endocrinology III

- 1. Hormonal Control of Calcium Metabolism
 - 1.1. Vitamin D
 - 1.2. PTH
 - 1.3. Calcitonin
- 2. The Gonads:
 - 2.1. The Male Reproductive System
 - 2.1.1. Endocrine Function of the Testes
 - 2.2. The Female Reproductive System
 - 2.2.1. Ovarian Cycle
 - 2.2.2. Uterine Cycle
 - 2.2.3. Ovarian Hormones

Exercise 27

Subject: Gastrointestinal Physiology

- 1. Characteristics of the Gastrointestinal Wall
- 2. Functional Types of Movements in the Gastrointestinal Tract
- 3. Mastication (Chewing)
- 4. Swallowing
- 5. Defecation
- 6. Vomiting

- 7. Gastrointestinal Hormones
- 8. Gases in the Gastrointestinal Tract
- 9. Secretion of Saliva
 - 9.1. Characteristics of Saliva
 - 9.2. Regulation of Salivary Secretion
- 10. Gastric Secretion
 - 10.1. Characteristics of the Gastric Secretions
 - 10.2. Regulation of Gastric Secretion
 - 10.3. Mucsal Barrier
- 11. Exocrine Pancreatic Secretion
 - 11.1. Composition of Pancreatic Juice
 - 11.2. Regulation of Pancreatic Secretion
- 12. Liver and Biliary System
 - 12.1. Anatomic Considerations
 - 12.2. Functions of the Liver
 - 12.3. Biliary Secretion
 - 12.3.1. Storage and Concentration of Bile in the Gallbladder
 - 12.3.2. Characteristics of Bile
 - 12.3.3. Emptying of the Gallbladder
 - 12.3.4. Function of the Bile Salts in Fat Digestion and Absorption
 - 12.3.5. Enterohepatic Circulation of the Bile Salts

Subject: Exercise Physiology

- 1. Muscle Fiber Types
- 2. Strength, Power and Endurance of Muscles
- 3. Muscle Metabolic Systems in Exercise:
 - 3.1. Phosphocreatine-Creatine System
 - 3.2. Glycogen-Lactic Acid System
 - 3.3. Aerobic System
- 4. Recovery of the Aerobic System After Exercise
 - 4.1. Oxygen Debt
 - 4.2. Recovery of Muscle Glycogen
- 5. Muscle Fatigue
- 6. Effect of Training on Muscle Performance
- 7. Respiration in Exercise
- 8. Cardiovascular System in Exercise
- 9. Body Fluids and Salt in Exercise

Subject: Quarterly Quiz (Exercises 24-28)

Exercise 30 4th Quarterly QUIZ RE-TAKE